

MATH529 Lesson01: ODE Review

Chapter 1 Introduction to ODE review

ODE:

Explicit form $y^{(n)} = f(x, y, y', \dots, y^{(n-1)})$

Implicit form $0 = F(x, y, y', \dots, y^{(n-1)}, y^{(n)})$

First order ODEs, $n = 1$, explicit form $y' = f(x, y)$

Separable first-order ODE $y' = g(x) h(y) = \frac{dy}{dx}$, $g(x) dx = \frac{dy}{h(y)}$

Separable ODEs

p.30, Ex. $x y' = 2y$, $y' = 2 \frac{y}{x}$, $g(x) = \frac{1}{x}$, $h(y) = 2y$, $\frac{1}{x} dx = \frac{dy}{2y}$

Solve by integration on both side $\int \frac{1}{x} dx = \int \frac{1}{2y} dy$, $\log(x) = \frac{1}{2} \log(y) - C$

In[1]:= $g[x] = \frac{1}{x}; h[y] = 2y;$

In[2]:= Integrate[g[x], x]

Out[2]= Log[x]

In[3]:= Integrate[1/h[y], y]

Out[3]= $\frac{\text{Log}[y]}{2}$

In[4]:= DiffEq = D[y[x], x] == g[x] * h[y[x]]

Out[4]= $y'[x] == \frac{2y[x]}{x}$

In[5]:= DSolve[DiffEq, y[x], x]

Out[5]= $\{y[x] \rightarrow x^2 c_1\}$

p.30, Ex 11, $y'' + 9y = 18$, $y'' = 18 - 9y$

Homogeneous linear ODE of order n , $y^{(n)} + a_{n-1}y^{(n-1)} + a_{n-2}y^{(n-2)} + \dots + a_1y' + a_0y = 0$

Guess solution to be of form $y(x) = e^{rx}$, obtain $(r^n + a_{n-1}r^{n-1} + a_{n-2}r^{n-2} + \dots + a_1r + a_0)e^{rx} = 0$, implying that $p_n(r) = r^n + a_{n-1}r^{n-1} + a_{n-2}r^{n-2} + \dots + a_1r + a_0 = 0$

Step 1: Solve the homogeneous problem $y'' + 9y = 0$, characteristic equation, $r^2 + 9 = 0$, with roots $r_1 = 3i$, $r_2 = -3i$. Solution is $y_h(x) = c_1 e^{3ix} + c_2 e^{-3ix} = A \cos(3x) + B \sin(3x)$

Step 2: State that the solution is the sum of the homogeneous solution and a particular solution $y = y_h + y_p$

In[1]:= DiffEqH = D[y[x], {x, 2}] + 9 y[x] == 0

Out[1]:= 9 y[x] + y''[x] == 0

In[2]:= DSolve[DiffEqH, y[x], x]

Out[2]:= {{y[x] \rightarrow c_1 \cos[3 x] + c_2 \sin[3 x]}}

In[3]:= DiffEq = D[y[x], {x, 2}] + 9 y[x] == 18

Out[3]:= 9 y[x] + y''[x] == 18

In[4]:= DSolve[DiffEq, y[x], x]

Out[4]:= {{y[x] \rightarrow 2 + c_1 \cos[3 x] + c_2 \sin[3 x]}}

p.30, Ex. 12. $x y'' - y' = 0$, Let $y' = z$, $x z' = z$, a separable ODE $x \frac{dz}{dx} = z$, $x \frac{dz}{z} = \frac{dx}{x}$ with solution $z(x) = C x$, and $y(x) = \frac{1}{2} C x^2 + D$

In[5]:= DiffEq = x y''[x] - y'[x] == 0

Out[5]:= -y'[x] + x y''[x] == 0

In[6]:= DSolve[DiffEq, y[x], x]

Out[6]:= {{y[x] \rightarrow \frac{x^2 c_1}{2} + c_2}}

p.31, Ex. 34, $(1 + x y) y' + y^2 = 0$. Consider $y = e^{-xy}$

In[4]:= Subst = y[x] == Exp[-x y[x]]

Out[4]= $y[x] == e^{-x} y[x]$

In[5]:= result = Simplify[D[Subst, x]]

Out[5]= $y'[x] == -e^{-x} y[x] (y[x] + x y'[x])$

In[6]:= verif = result /. $e^{-x} y[x] \rightarrow y[x]$

Out[6]= $y'[x] == -y[x] (y[x] + x y'[x])$

In[7]:= DiffEq = (1 + x y[x]) y'[x] + (y[x])² == 0

Out[7]= $y[x]^2 + (1 + x y[x]) y'[x] == 0$

In[8]:= DSolve[DiffEq, y[x], x]

... **Solve**: Inverse functions are being used by Solve, so some solutions may not be found; use Reduce for complete solution information.

Out[8]= $\left\{ \left\{ y[x] \rightarrow \frac{\text{ProductLog}[e^{c_1} x]}{x} \right\} \right\}$

In[9]:= ? ProductLog

Symbol 

ProductLog [z] gives the principal solution for w in $z = we^w$.

ProductLog [k, z] gives the k^{th} solution.

Out[9]=

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Attributes {Listable, Protected, ReadProtected}

Full Name System`ProductLog

