

# MATH529L02: Heat equation

## One-dimensional heat equation

### Dirichlet boundary conditions

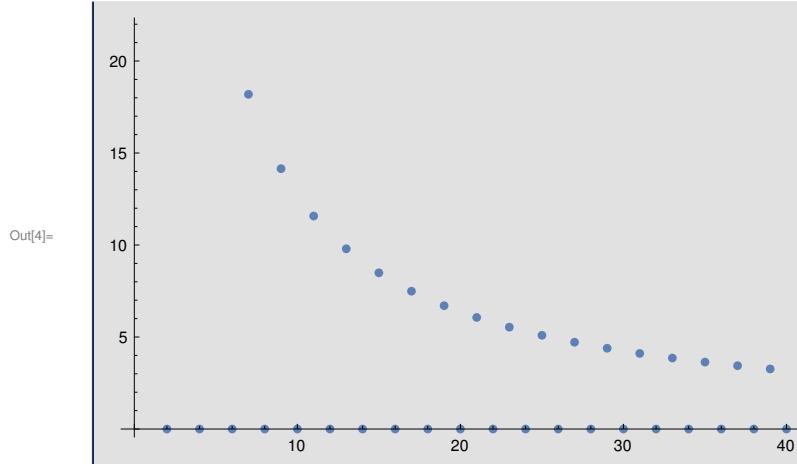
Solve  $u_t = k u_{xx}$  with  $u(0, t) = 0$ ,  $u(L, t) = 0$ ,  $u(x, 0) = 100$  for  $0 < x < L$ ,  $k = 1$  (1)

```
In[1]:= nT = 40; (* Number of terms in sine series *)
```

```
In[2]:= α = Table[n π / L, {n, 1, nT}];
```

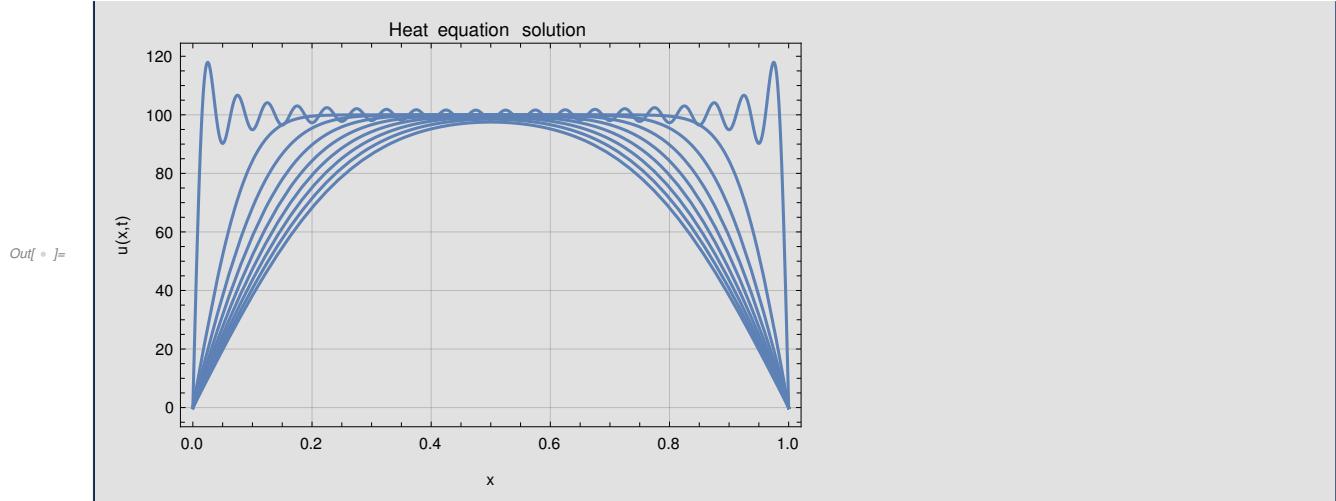
```
In[3]:= b = Table[2 / L Integrate[100 Sin[α[[n]] x], {x, 0, L}], {n, 1, nT}];
```

```
In[4]:= ListPlot[b]
```

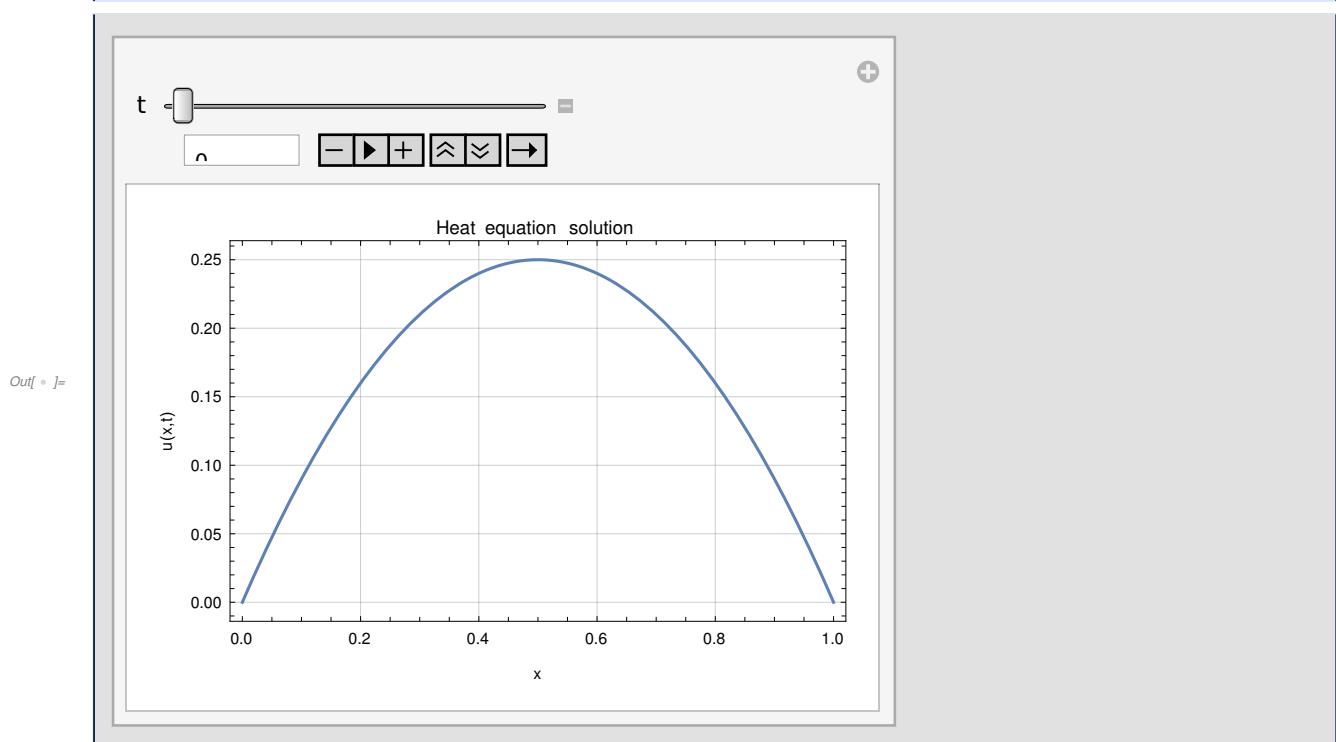


```
In[5]:= u[x_, t_, L_] = Sum[b[[n]] Sin[α[[n]] x] Exp[-α[[n]]^2 t], {n, 1, nT}];
```

```
In[6]:= Plot[Table[u[x, t, 1], {t, 0, 0.02, 0.0025}], {x, 0, 1},
  PlotRange -> All, Frame -> True, PlotLabel -> "Heat equation solution",
  FrameLabel -> {"x", "u(x,t)"}, GridLines -> Automatic]
```

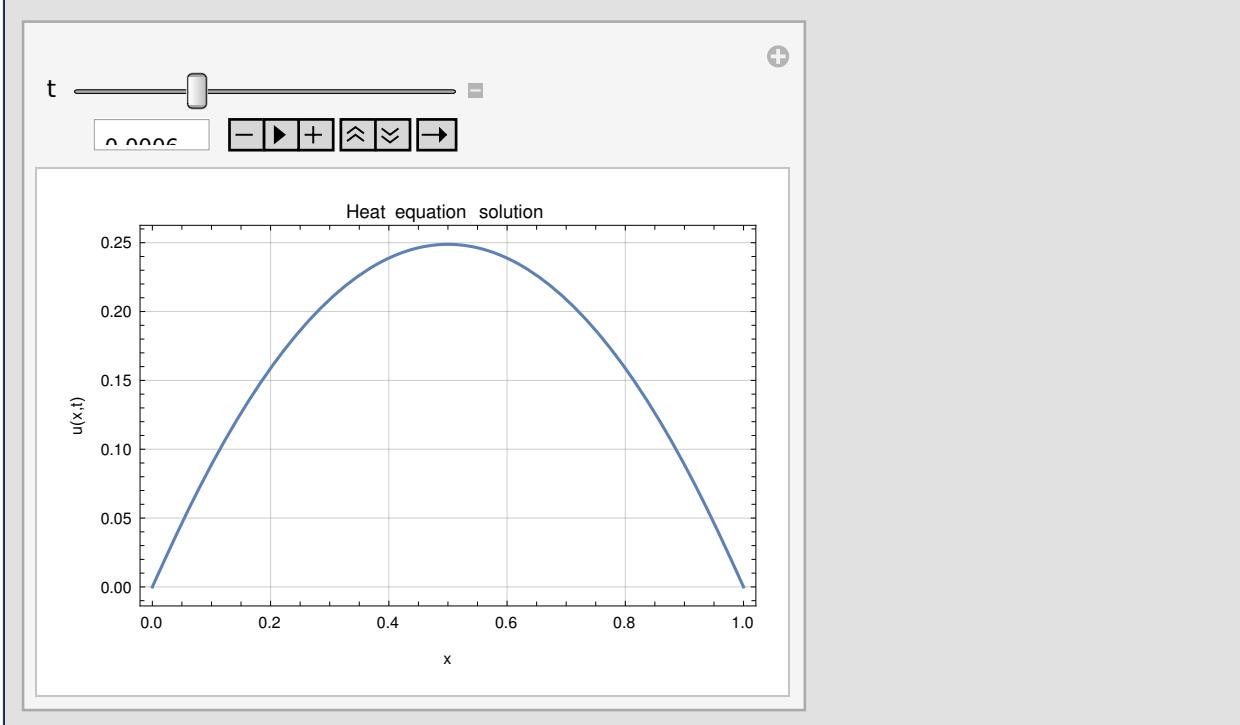


```
In[7]:= Manipulate[Plot[u[x, t, 1], {x, 0, 1}, PlotRange -> All,
  Frame -> True, PlotLabel -> "Heat equation solution",
  FrameLabel -> {"x", "u(x,t)"}, GridLines -> Automatic], {t, 0, 0.02, 0.0025}]
```



```
In[6]:= Manipulate[Plot[u[x, t, 1], {x, 0, 1}, PlotRange -> All,
Frame -> True, PlotLabel -> "Heat equation solution",
FrameLabel -> {"x", "u(x,t)"}, GridLines -> Automatic], {t, 0, 0.002, 0.0001}]
```

Out[6]=



## Neumann boundary conditions

Solve  $u_t = k u_{xx}$  Exercise 2 :  $u(0, t) = 0$ ,  $u(L, t) = 0$ ,  $u(x, 0) = x(L-x)$  for  $0 < x < L$ ,  $k = 1$  (2)

```
In[7]:= nT = 40; (* Number of terms in sine series *)
```

```
In[7]:= α = Table[n π / L, {n, 1, nT}];
```

```
In[13]:= bF[a_] = Integrate[x (L - x) Sin[a x], {x, 0, L}]
```

```
Out[13]= 
$$\frac{2 - 2 \cos[a L] - a L \sin[a L]}{a^3}$$

```

```
In[15]:= b = Table[bF[α[[n]]], {n, 1, nT}];
```

```
In[16]:= ListPlot[b /. L → 1, PlotRange → All]
```

Out[16]=

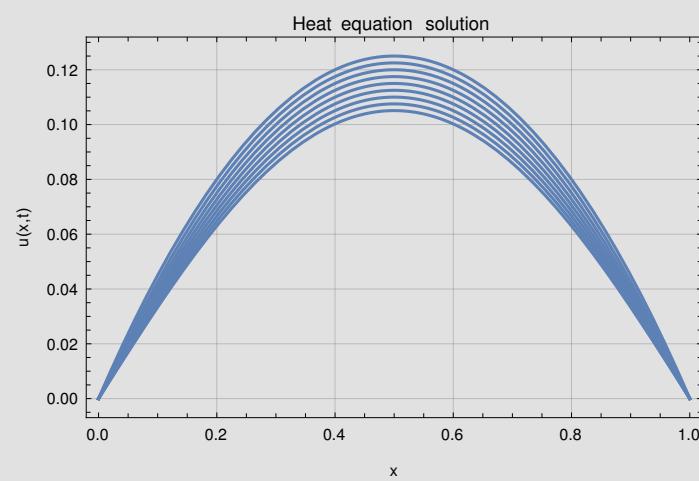


```
In[17]:= u[x_, t_, L_] = Sum[b[[n]] Sin[α[[n]] x] Exp[-α[[n]]^2 t], {n, 1, nT}];
```

In[18]=

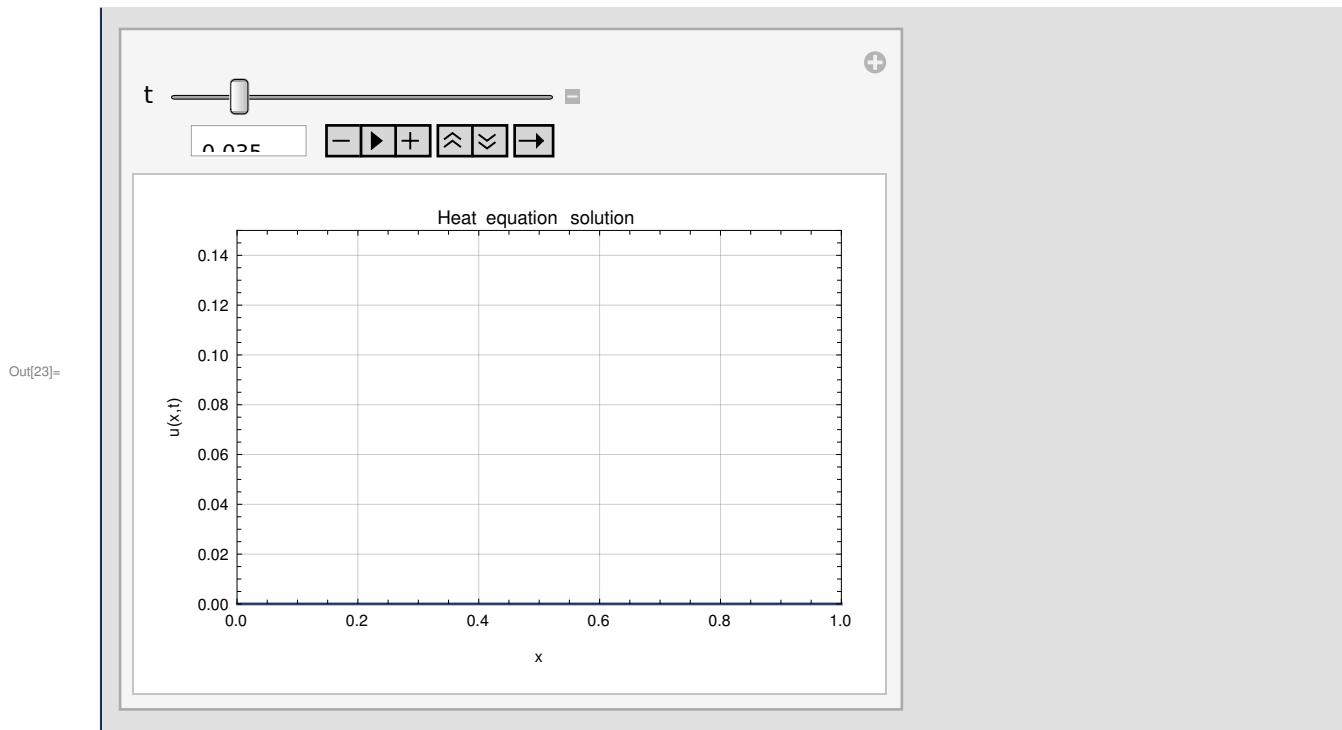
```
Plot[Table[u[x, t, 1], {t, 0, 0.02, 0.0025}], {x, 0, 1},
PlotRange → All, Frame → True, PlotLabel → "Heat equation solution",
FrameLabel → {"x", "u(x,t)"}, GridLines → Automatic]
```

Out[18]=



In[23]=

```
Manipulate[Plot[u[x, t, 1], {x, 0, 1}, Frame → True,
PlotLabel → "Heat equation solution", FrameLabel → {"x", "u(x,t)"},
GridLines → Automatic, PlotRange → {{0, 1}, {0, 0.15}}], {t, 0, 0.25, 0.005}]
```



... General : Exp[-710.612] is too small to represent as a normalized machine number ; precision may be lost.  
 ... General : Exp[-967.221] is too small to represent as a normalized machine number ; precision may be lost.  
 ... General : Exp[-1263.31] is too small to represent as a normalized machine number ; precision may be lost.  
 ... General : Further output of General::munfl will be suppressed during this calculation .  
 ... General : Exp[-710.612] is too small to represent as a normalized machine number ; precision may be lost.  
 ... General : Exp[-967.221] is too small to represent as a normalized machine number ; precision may be lost.  
 ... General : Exp[-1263.31] is too small to represent as a normalized machine number ; precision may be lost.  
 ... General : Further output of General::munfl will be suppressed during this calculation .  
 ... General : Exp[-809.308] is too small to represent as a normalized machine number ; precision may be lost.  
 ... General : Exp[-1204.09] is too small to represent as a normalized machine number ; precision may be lost.  
 ... General : Exp[-1677.83] is too small to represent as a normalized machine number ; precision may be lost.  
 ... General : Further output of General::munfl will be suppressed during this calculation .

## Two-dimensional heat equation

$u_t = k(u_{xx} + u_{yy})$ ,  $u(x, y, t = 0) = 100$  on the  $[0, 1] \times [0, 1]$  unit square ,  
 with zero temperature on edges

(3)

## Dirichlet boundary conditions

```
In[1]:= nT = 40; (* Number of terms in sine series *)
```

```
In[26]:= α = Table[m π, {m, 1, nT}]; β = Table[n π, {n, 1, nT}];
```

```
In[44]:= bF[u_, v_] = 4 Integrate[100 Sin[u x] Sin[v y], {x, 0, 1}, {y, 0, 1}]
```

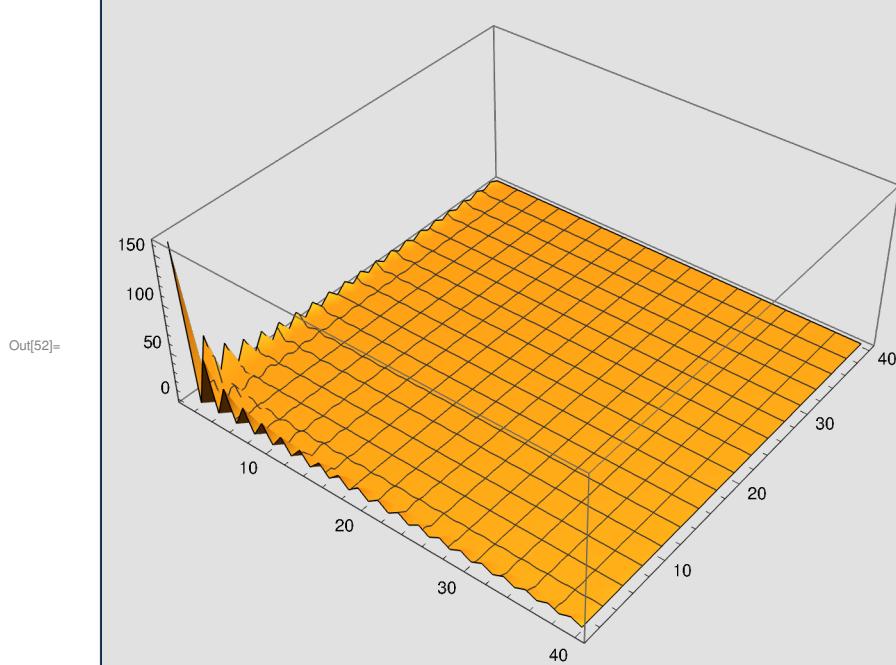
$$\text{Out}[44]= \frac{1600 \sin\left[\frac{u}{2}\right]^2 \sin\left[\frac{v}{2}\right]^2}{u v}$$

```
In[45]:= bF[u_] = Limit[bF[u, v], {v → u}]
```

$$\text{Out}[45]= \frac{1600 \sin\left[\frac{u}{2}\right]^4}{u^2}$$

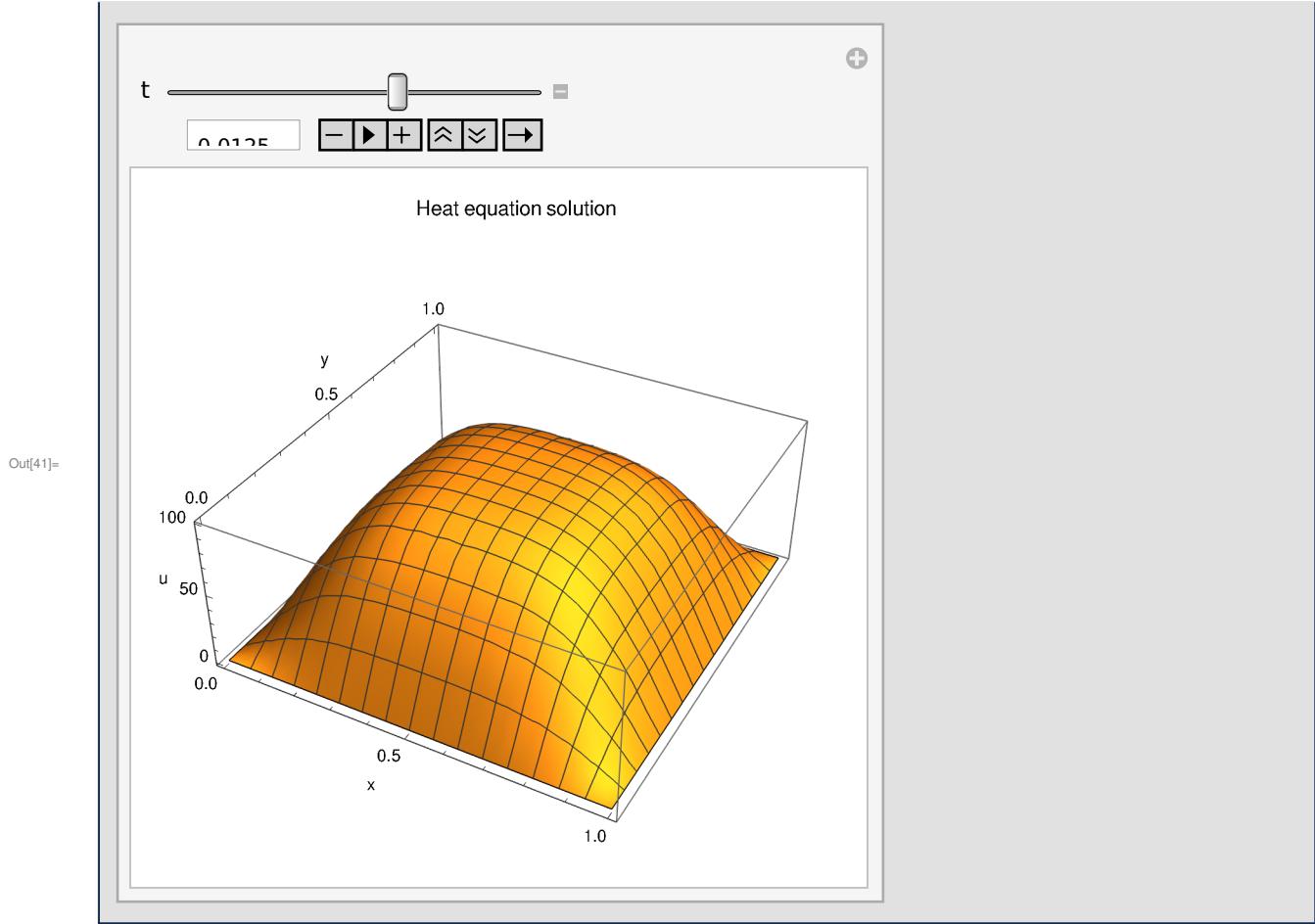
```
In[47]:= b = Table[If[m == n, bF[α[[m]]], bF[α[[m]], β[[n]]]], {m, 1, nT}, {n, 1, nT}];
```

```
In[52]:= ListPlot3D[b, PlotRange → All]
```

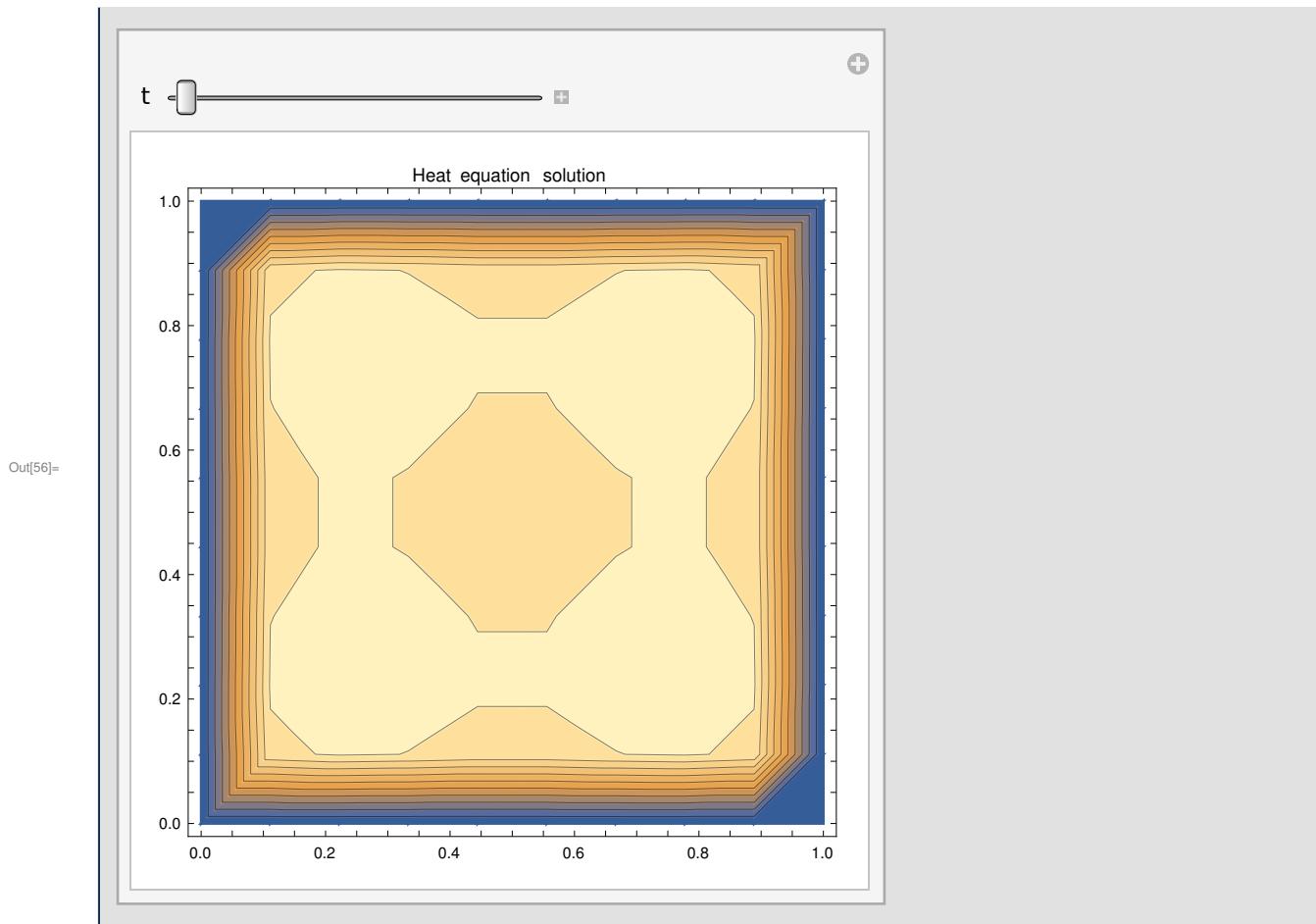


```
In[54]:= u[x_, y_, t_] =
  Sum[ b[[m, n]] Sin[ α[[m]] x] Sin[ β[[n]] y] Exp[ -(α[[m]]^2 + β[[n]]^2) t], {m, 1, nT}, {n, 1, nT}];
```

```
In[41]:= Manipulate[Plot3D[u[x, y, t], {x, 0, 1}, {y, 0, 1},
  PlotRange -> All, Axes -> True, PlotLabel -> "Heat equation solution",
  AxesLabel -> {"x", "y", "u"}], {t, 0, 0.02, 0.0025}]
```



```
In[56]:= Manipulate[ContourPlot[u[x, y, t], {x, 0, 1}, {y, 0, 1}, PlotRange -> All, Axes -> True,
  PlotLabel -> "Heat equation solution", AxesLabel -> {"x", "y", "u"}, Contours -> Table[temp, {temp, 0, 100, 10}]], {t, 0, 0.02, 0.0025}]
```



## Questions to investigate

### Dirichlet BVP with no edge discontinuity

$u_t = k(u_{xx} + u_{yy})$ ,  $u(x, y, t = 0) = xy(1 - x)(1 - y)$  on the  $[0, 1] \times [0, 1]$  unit square ,  
with zero temperature on edges (4)

### Neumann BVP with edge discontinuity

$u_t = k(u_{xx} + u_{yy})$ ,  $u(x, y, t = 0) = 100$  on the  $[0, 1] \times [0, 1]$  unit square ,  
with zero temperature on  $x = 0$ ,  $x = 1$  vertical edges ,  $u_y(x, y = 0, t) = 0$ ,  $u_y(x, y = 1, t) = 0$  (5)

## Neumann BVP with no edge discontinuity

$u_t = k(u_{xx} + u_{yy})$ ,  $u(x, y, t = 0) = xy(1 - x)(1 - y)$  on the  $[0, 1] \times [0, 1]$  unit square , ,  
 $u_x(x = 0, y, t) = 0$ ,  $u_x(x = 1, y, t) = 0$ ,  $u_y(x, y = 0, t) = 0$ ,  $u_y(x, y = 1, t) = 0$  (6)